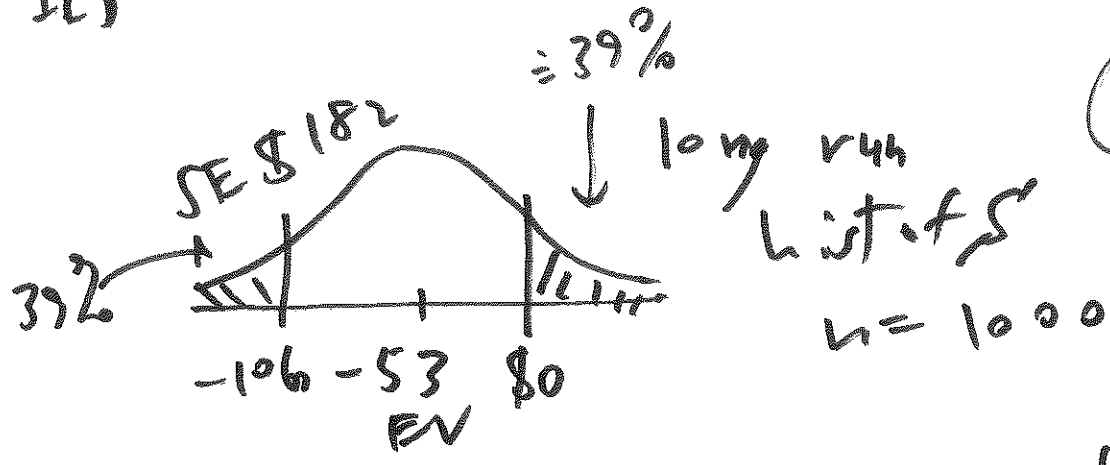


this time: prob. models for news
 next time: statistical inference

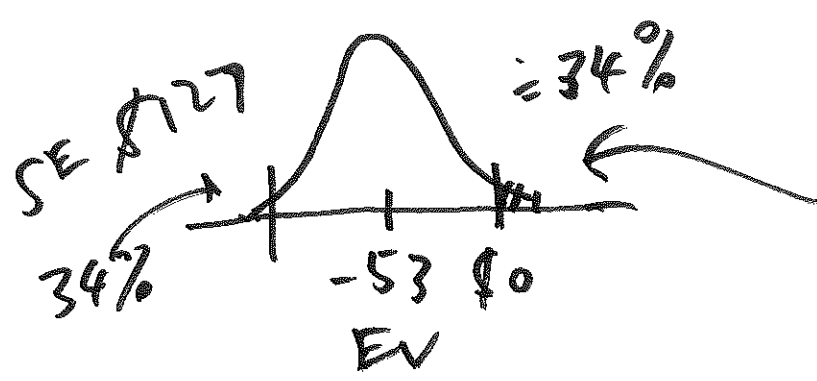
extra D) office h
 wed 1.15 - 2.15 pm
 (Jack's lounge)
 P(coming out) = P(S' > 8)

AMS 7
 8 May 17

$$SE(\bar{X}) = \sigma \sqrt{n} = \$4.02 \sqrt{1000} = \$127$$



(A) simple #



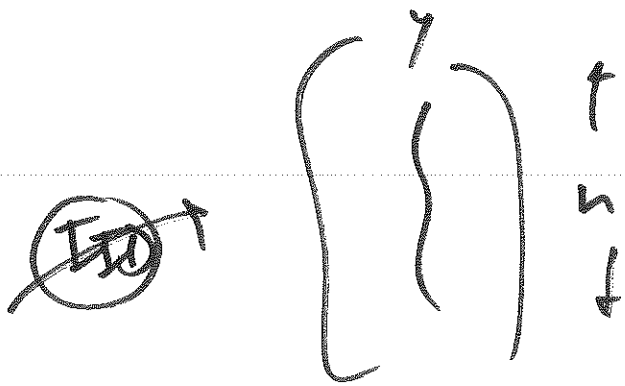
(B) split

Q: which strategy is better?

A: depends on your degree of risk aversion or risk seeking

sample

(2)



sum $S = n\bar{y}$

mean $\bar{y} = \frac{S}{n}$

P. R - (53)

CLT

examples

R - (55)

Hypokalemia case study

L - (127)

(prob. model for mean)

(measurement error)

2 sig figs

3 sig figs

4 sig figs

$\begin{bmatrix} 16 \\ 16 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$

$\begin{bmatrix} 16.0 \\ 16.0 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$

stochastic $\begin{bmatrix} 15.97 \\ 16.01 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$ ^{obs. 1}

deterministic: no measurement error
 you always get the same answer

probabilistic: meas. error

basic measurement error model:

(3)

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{observation} \\ 1 \\ y_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \text{true} \\ \text{value} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \text{bias} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \text{"random"} \\ \text{error} \\ 1 \\ e_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{obs. 2} \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \text{true} \\ \text{value} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \text{bias} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \text{random} \\ \text{error} \\ 2 \\ e_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{obs. } n \\ y_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \text{true} \\ \text{value} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \text{bias} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \text{random} \\ \text{error} \\ n \\ e_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \theta \\ \vdots \\ \theta \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} b \\ \vdots \\ b \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} e_1 \\ e_2 \\ \vdots \\ e_n \end{pmatrix}$$

θ b